Hall	Ticke	et Nu	mbei	r:							
											Code No.: 144

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD MCA I Year II - Semester (Main/Backlog) Examinations, June/July - 2016

	Data Structures	
Tim	e: 3 hours Max. Marks: 7	0
	Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE questions from Part-B	
	Part-A (10 X 2=20 Marks)	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Why can't we represent polynomials using arrays explain? Brief an application of Double linked list. Stacks are known as Lists and Queues are known as Lists Explain Queue supporting methods enqueue () and dequeue (). Differentiate between Tree and a Binary Tree. Find the number of distinct binary trees with 5 nodes. What is the purpose of internal sorting? When do we get an overflow in hashing and how is it handled? In a <i>directed graph</i> each edge is represented by a directed pair $(v1, v2)$, then $v1$ is and $v2$ is of the edge. The matrix A^* with the property A^* $(i, j) = 1$, if there is a path of length 0 from i to j and 0 otherwise is the matrix of G .	
	Part-B (5 X 10=50 Marks)	
11.	a) Explain "Available Space Lists" with an example.b) Distinguish the merits and demerits of arrays and linked lists.	[5] [5]
12.	a) Write the postfix form of the following expression: A+B-C+Db) Differentiate between stacks and queues.	[4] [6]
13.	 a) Explain the purpose of RED-BLACK trees. b) Prove the following statement: If a complete binary tree with n nodes (i.e., depth = [log2n] + 1) is represented sequentially then for any node with index i, then we have: PARENT (i) is at [i/2] if i > 1. When i = 1, i is the root and has no parent. 	[5] [5]
14.	a) Differentiate between Quick Sort and Merge Sort.b) Explain collision resolution techniques.	[6] [4]
15.	a) Explain Elementary Graph operations.b) Compare BFS and DFS in graphs.	[4] [6]
16.	a) Write a C++ Program to reverse the elements of a Single linked list.b) Write an algorithm to multiply two matrices.	[5] [5]
17.	Answer any two of the following: a) Construct a Binary tree, given the following traversals. Preorder Traversal: A B D E C F Inorder Traversal: D B E A F C b) Sort the below data using insertion sort. 52, 35, 61, 27, 38, 16, 7, 3, 1, 71. c) Explain the applications of MST.	[5] [5] [5]